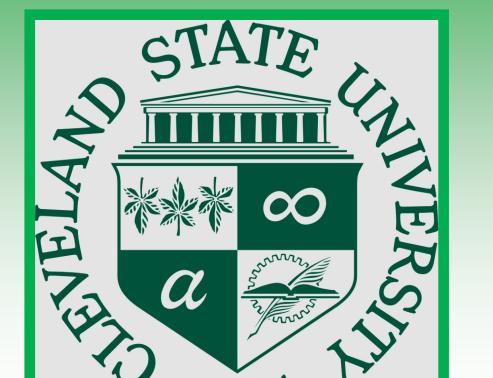
Enhancement of Solar Energy Conversion in Bio-Derived Cells via Side-Selective



Modification of Photosystem I

<u>Uchechukwu Obiako¹</u>, Evan A. Gizzie², G. Kane Jennings³, David E. Cliffel²

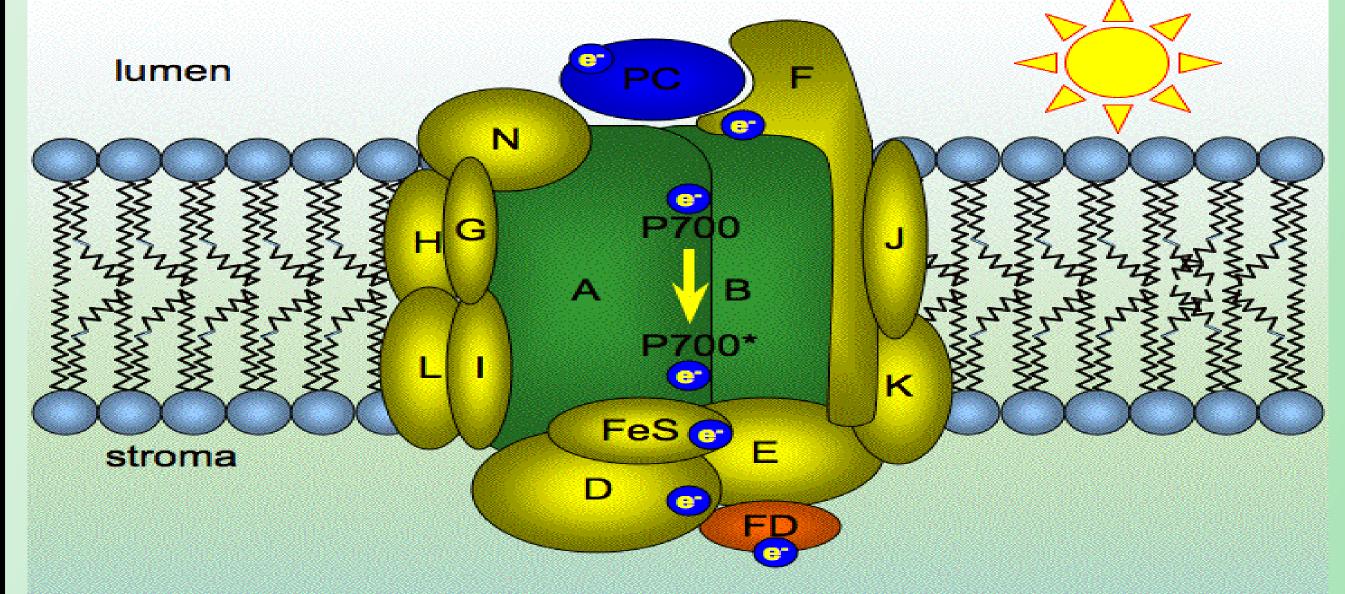
Department of Chemical and Biomedical Engineering¹, Cleveland State University Department of Chemistry² and Chemical & Biomolecular Engineering³, Vanderbilt University



Motivation

➤ Bio-derived cells containing PSI address the issues faced by current solar cell technology: extensive processing methods, high cost, and need for rare materials

Photosystem I



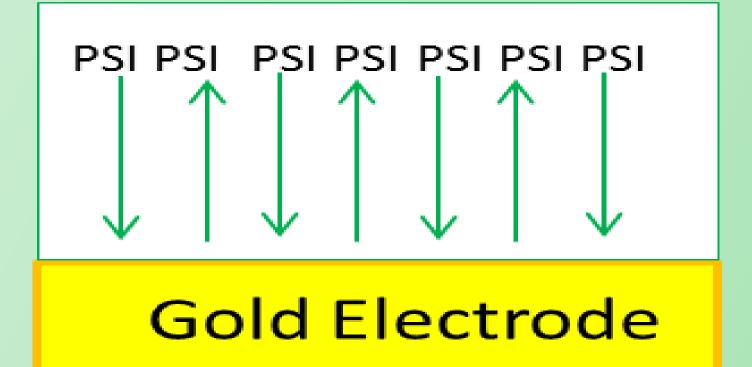
- Abundant
- Very efficient
- Rapid charge separation

Koning, R. Light Reactions. http://plantphys.info/plant_physiology/lightrxn.shtml (accessed July 21, 2015.)

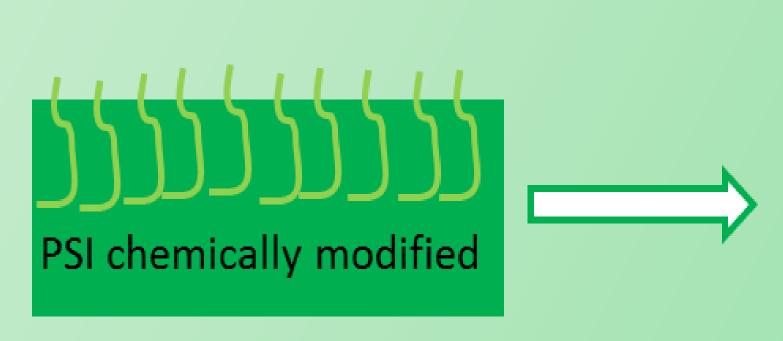
Low-cost

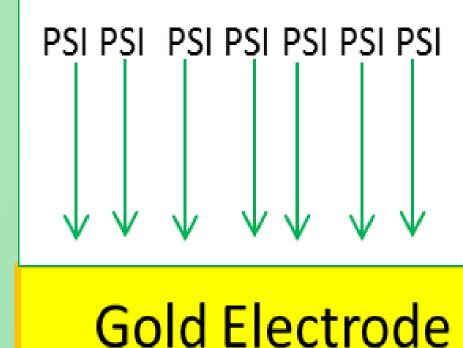
Objective

 Enhance solar energy conversion by increasing the orientation of PSI on gold electrodes via side-selective modification of PSI



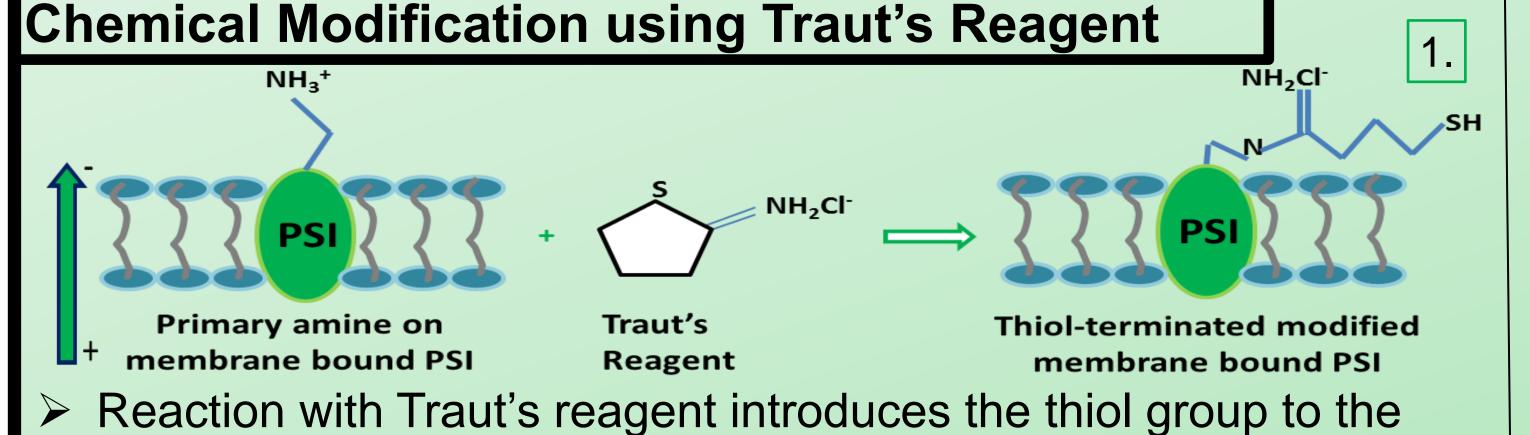
 Unmodified PSI randomly assembles on gold surface in upright and inverted directions



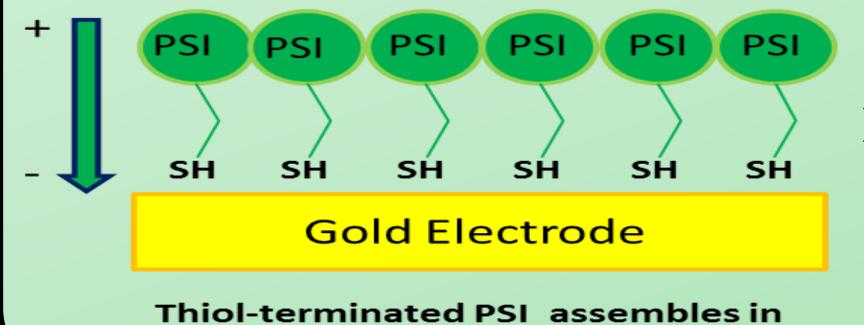


 Side-selectively modifying PSI provides a vector for directed assembly in an inverted orientation

Side-Selective Modification of PSI



Reaction with Traut's reagent introduces the thiol group to the membrane bound protein



an inverted orientation

The thiol groups enable direct surface coupling on gold electrodes in an inverted orientation

NH₂ClNH₂ClSH

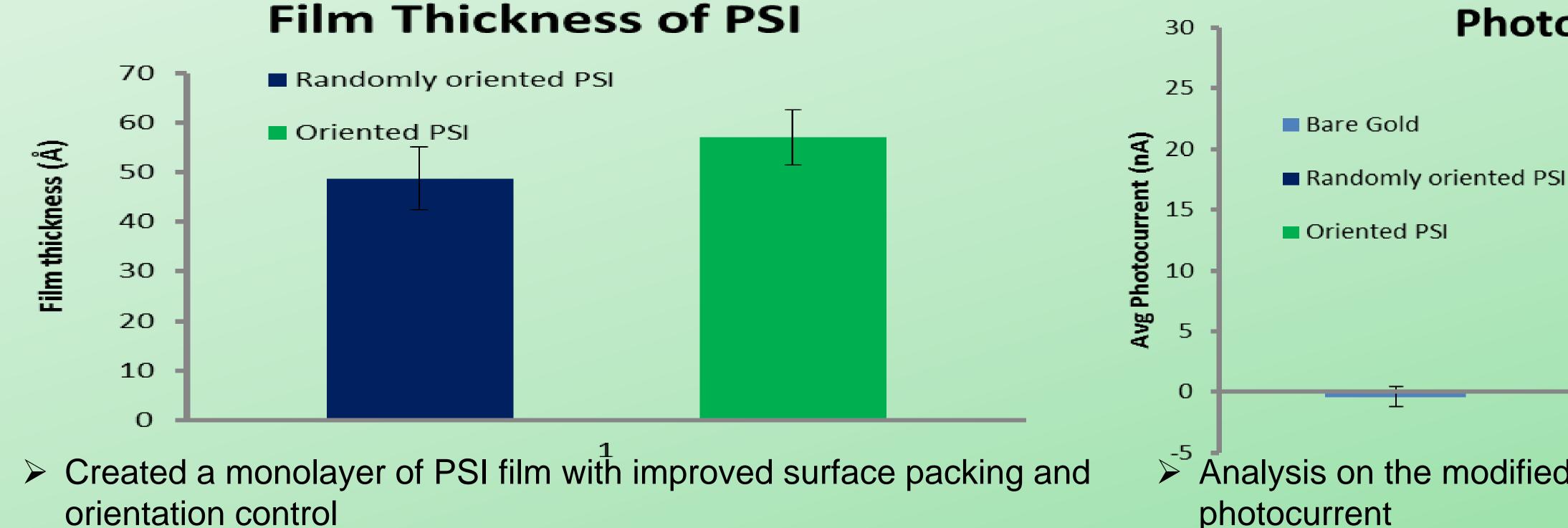
PSI
Ilysis

Thiol-terminated modified membrane bound PSI

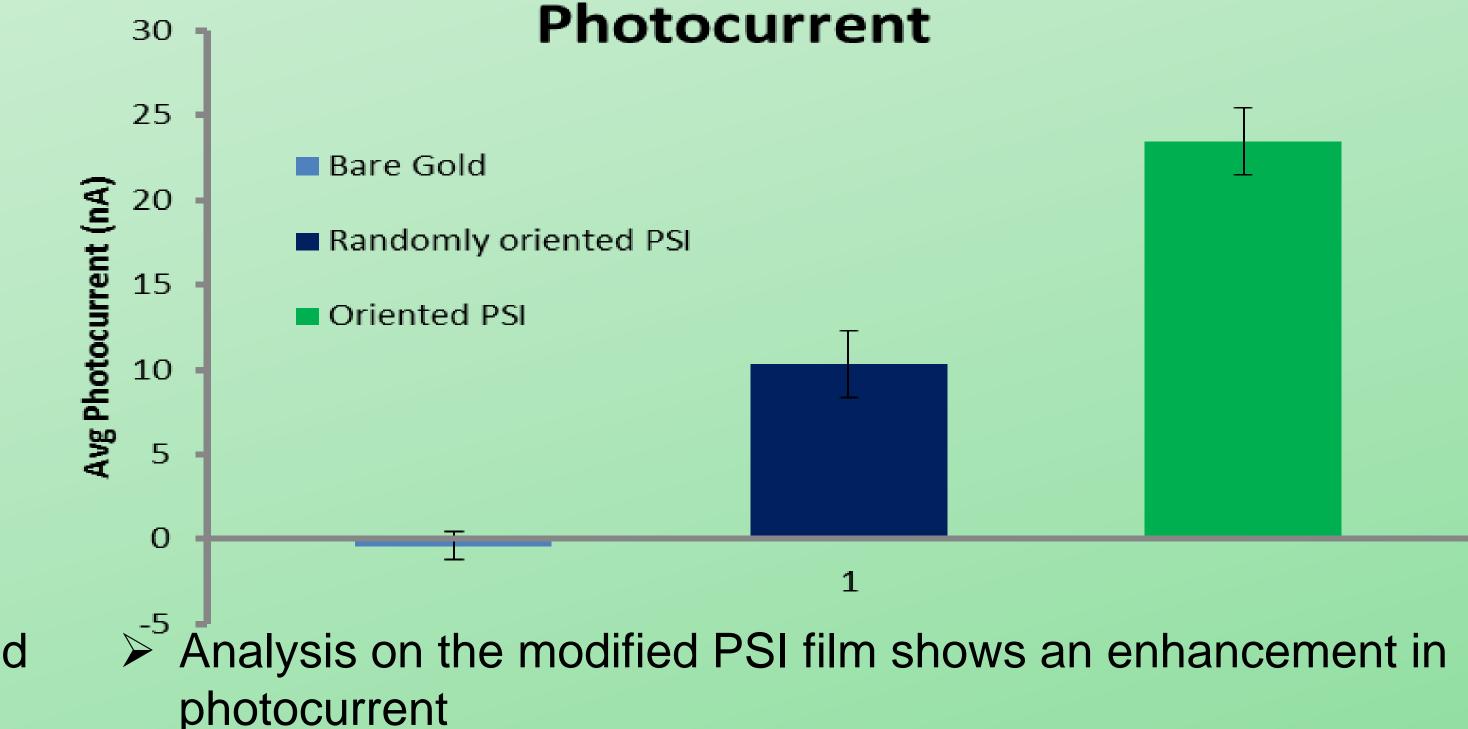
Thiol-terminated PSI

- Membrane lysis was done to extract the PSI from the membrane and at this point, it is able to freely assemble on the gold electrodes
- Column separation was done to purify the extracted PSI solution

Ellipsometry & Photoelectrochemical Analysis



F-5-M tagged on mod PSI



Conclusion & Future Directions

Ellipsometry and photoelectrochemical analysis reveal that enhancement in photocurrent is a result of side-selective modification of PSI



Ligand quantification via fluorescein tagging using fluorescein-5-maleimide Scanning electrochemical microscopy approach curves

Acknowledgements







National Science Foundation DMR-1263182 National Science Foundation EPS-1004083