### The Political Culture of Democracy in Venezuela, 2007

#### Technical information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Sample size</th>
<th>Weighted / unweighted</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Venezuela</td>
<td>2007</td>
<td>1,510</td>
<td>unweighted</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This survey was carried out in 2007 as part of the LAPOP AmericasBarometer 2006-2007 wave of surveys. It was conducted by Centro de Investigaciones en Ciencias Sociales (CISOR), with scientific direction being provided by Mitchell A. Seligson. The field work was carried out by Borge and Associates.

For the purposes of this survey, the population of interest consisted of all Venezuelan citizens, 18 years or older residing in the country. The sample was self weighted and was designed to be representative of the voting population in terms of gender, age and geographic distribution.

The survey was a national probability design, with a total N of 1,510 and the country was stratified into six (6) regions: capital, zuliana, west, mid-west, east and Los Llanos. The interviews were conducted in 186 sampling units and the respondents were selected in PSUs of 8 in urban areas and 12 in rural.

The complete sample of 1,510 is composed of 50.1% male respondents and 49.9% female, and its estimated margin of error is ± 2.5 (at the 95% level). The complete questionnaire can be found at [www.AmericasBarometer.org](http://www.AmericasBarometer.org).

The 2007 national survey gathered the attitudes of Venezuela’s citizens towards support for stable democracy, corruption, crime, local governments, social capital and voting behavior.

© Mitchell A. Seligson