



The Political Culture of Democracy in Peru, 2006

Technical information

<i>Country</i>	<i>Year</i>	<i>Sample size</i>	<i>Weighted /unweighted</i>
Peru	2006	1,500	unweighted

This survey was carried out in 2006 as part of the LAPOP AmericasBarometer 2006. It was conducted by Vanderbilt University in association with Instituto de Estudios Peruanos, and the field work was carried out by APOYO Opinión y Mercadeo. Funding was generously supplied by The United States Agency for International Development (USAID).

The survey was a national probability design, with a total N of 1,500. The respondents were drawn from the voting-age population, and the sample design was multistage and stratified by locality. The interviews were conducted in the seven regions of the country and the respondents were selected in PSUs of around 5 in urban areas and 7 in rural. Within the household respondents were selected using a quota system based on sex and age.

The complete sample is composed of 49.7% male respondents and 50.3% female, and its estimated margin of error is ± 3.6 (at the 95% level). The full version of the report and the complete questionnaire can be found at “The Political Culture of Democracy in Peru, 2006”, written by Julio Carrión, Ph.D and Patricia Zárate, Ph.D and published by the Instituto de Estudios Peruanos. That report and the questionnaire are available for public access at www.AmericasBarometer.org.

Containing data gathered in 2006, the national survey report analyzes the attitudes of Peruvian citizens towards support for stable democracy, the rule of law, corruption, crime, local governments, as well as many others areas of democratic political values and behaviors.