



The Political Culture of Democracy in Honduras, 2006

Technical Information

<i>Country</i>	<i>Year</i>	<i>Sample Size</i>	<i>Weighted/ unweighted</i>
Honduras	2006	1,585	Unweighted

This survey was carried out in 2006 as part of the LAPOP AmericasBarometer 2006 wave of surveys. It was conducted by Vanderbilt University and the fieldwork was carried out by Borge y Asociados, with scientific direction being provided by Mitchell Seligson, Ph.D.

The survey was a national probability design, with a total N of 1,585. The sample was stratified by region and by urban/rural. The interviews were conducted in 163 sampling units and respondents were selected in PSUs of 8 in urban areas and 12 in rural.

The complete sample of 1,585 is composed of 50% male respondents and 50% female. Urban residents represent 44.9% of the sample, while populations of rural areas represent 55.1%, all of them over 18 years old. The estimated margin of error for the sample is ± 2.5 (at the 95% level). The full version of the report as well as the complete questionnaire can be found at “The Political Culture of Democracy in Honduras, 2006”, written by José René Argueta and José Miguel Cruz and published by FOPRIDEH and Vanderbilt University with the support of USAID.

The report begins by making a brief overview of Honduras’s political and socio-economical situation and then goes on to analyze the attitudes of its citizens towards local governments, support for stable democracy, electoral behavior, corruption, crime, and social capital. This report can be found at www.AmericasBarometer.org.