



*Political Culture of Democracy in Guatemala, 2010:
Democratic Consolidation in the Americas during Hard Times*

Technical information

<i>Country</i>	<i>Year</i>	<i>Sample Size</i>	<i>Weighted/Unweighted</i>
Guatemala	2010	1,504	Unweighted

This survey was carried out between January and March of 2010, as part of the LAPOP AmericasBarometer 2010 wave of surveys. It is a follow-up of the national surveys since 1992 carried out by the Latin America Public Opinion Project LAPOP. The 2010 survey was conducted by Vanderbilt University and Asociación de Investigación y Estudios Sociales (ASIES). The 2010 AmericasBarometer received generous support from many sources, including USAID, UNDP, IADB, Vanderbilt U., Princeton U., Université Laval, U. of Notre Dame, among others.

The project used a national probability sample design of voting-age adults, with a total N of 1,504 people involving face-to-face interviews conducted in Spanish, Mam, K'iche', Kaqchikel, Q'echi, Achi, and Ixil for monolingual speakers of these languages. The survey used a complex sample design, taking into account stratification and clustering.

The sample consists of five strata representing the five main geographical regions: metropolitan, northeastern, southeastern, southwestern, and northwestern. Each stratum was further sub-stratified by urban and rural areas. Respondents were selected in clusters of 6-8 interviews in urban areas and 10-12 in rural areas.

The sample consists of 97 primary sampling units (Municipalities) and 194 final sampling units including 22 departments in Guatemala. A total of 711 respondents were surveyed in urban areas and 793 in rural areas. The estimated margin of error for the survey is ± 2.5 .

The complete report and questionnaire can be found at *Political Culture of Democracy in Guatemala, 2010: Democratic Consolidation in the Americas during Hard Times*, written by Dinorah Azpuru. Readers can access the publication through a link on the LAPOP website: www.AmericasBarometer.org.