



Guatemala 1992: national study

Technical Information

<i>Country</i>	<i>Year</i>	<i>Size of Sample</i>	<i>Weighted/Unweighted</i>
Guatemala	1992	904	Unweighted

The sample of the Guatemala study in 1992 was designed to be representative of the population living in urban areas in the country. The entire country was divided into five zones: Guatemala City plus four regions (NE, NW, SE, SW). The study targeted citizens in voting age who were interviewed in a face-to-face and door-to-door mode. In total, the sample gathered data from 904 respondents.

The sample is a stratified one in which the geopolitical regions of the country represents the strata.

This study was part of series of democracy audits from six Central American countries and the results were published in several publications together with results from the other countries that were considered in the study. References and links to these publications are listed in the LAPOP web site.

An individual report on the political culture of Guatemalan democracy was not published in this occasion, but results from this study are analyzed in **Elections and Democracy in Central America, Revisited** edited by Mitchell A. Seligson and John A. Booth and published in 1995 by the University of North Carolina Press.

Readers can find a comprehensive look at the Central American region with respect to the regional economic integration variables in **Central American Integration. A Report for the Commission of the European Community**, which can be accessed through a link on the LAPOP website. This report discusses Central American integration using data from the present Guatemala study and from studies of other Central American countries also part of the LAPOP sample. The report was written by Victor Bulmer-Thomas, Mitchell A. Seligson, Rodolfo Cerdas and Eugenia Gallardo under the coordination of Joaquin Roy and was published by The North-South Center of the University of Miami.