



Political Culture of Democracy in El Salvador, 2008: the Impact of Governance

Technical information

<i>Country</i>	<i>Year</i>	<i>Sample size</i>	<i>Weighted /unweighted</i>
El Salvador	2008	1,549	unweighted

This survey was carried out between February and March of 2008, as part of the LAPOP AmericasBarometer 2008 wave of surveys. It is a follow up of the national surveys since 1991 carried out by the Latin America Public Opinion Project (LAPOP). The 2008 survey was conducted by Vanderbilt University and IUDOP-UCA. Funding came from the United States Agency for International Development (USAID).

The project used a national probability sample design of voting-age adults, with a total N of 1,549 people involving face-to-face interviews in Spanish. The data set can be best described as a complex sample design taking into account stratification and clustering.

The sample is stratified by municipalities and by urban and rural areas. Respondents were selected in clusters of 6-8 in urban areas and 10-12 in rural areas.

The sample consists of 66 primary sampling units (municipalities) and 213 final sampling units, which represent the 14 departments in El Salvador. The total number of respondents surveyed in urban areas is 965 and 584 in rural areas. The estimated margin of error for the survey is ± 2.49 .

The complete report and the questionnaire can be found at *Political Culture of Democracy in El Salvador, 2008: the Impact of Governance*, written by Ricardo Córdova and Miguel Cruz. Readers can access the publication through a link on the LAPOP website: www.AmericasBarometer.org.