This study was conducted using a sample of four cities in Colombia: Bogotá, Medellín, Cali and Barranquilla. While this is not a nationally representative sample, the population that it represents is equivalent to around 1/3 of Colombia’s National Population.

The main difference between this and other LAPOP surveys is that the interviews were conducted over the phone. Given that not all Colombian households have a phone line, it was necessary to weight the sample in order to correct for the potential bias introduced by oversampling people with relatively higher socio economic status. The sample is weighted by socioeconomic status, gender and city size.

Total number of observations is 2,388. The weighted sample has exactly 50% male and 50% female respondents, all of them over the age of 18.

The results of the survey were published in a general report in Spanish entitled *Transparencia y buen gobierno en cuatro ciudades de Colombia*, where sample characteristics are explained in further detail.

The study focused on corruption victimization and attitudes toward democracy.