



## *The Political Culture of Democracy in Belize, 2008: the Impact of Governance*

### *Technical information*

<i>Country</i>	<i>Year</i>	<i>Sample size</i>	<i>Weighted /unweighted</i>
<b>Belize</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>1,552</b>	<b>unweighted</b>

This survey was carried out between October and November of 2008, as part of the LAPOP AmericasBarometer 2008 wave of surveys. The 2008 survey was conducted by Vanderbilt University with the field work being carried out by Borge y Asociados. Funding came from the United Nations for Development Program (UNDP).

The project used a national probability sample design of voting-age adults, with a total N of 1,552 people involving face-to-face interviews in Spanish and English. The data set can be best described as a complex sample design taking into account stratification and clustering.

The sample is stratified into six geographical areas based on the six districts, as well as by urban and rural areas. Respondents were selected in clusters of 8 in urban areas and 12 in rural areas, taking into account the distribution of the population in each stratum.

The sample consists of 156 sampling points or enumeration districts, which include the 9 municipalities (2 cities and 7 towns) and 32 villages out of 197 villages and communities in Belize. The total number of respondents surveyed in urban areas is 748 and 804 in rural areas. The estimated margin of error for the survey is  $\pm 2.5$ . Readers can access the questionnaire through a link on the LAPOP website: [www.AmericasBarometer.org](http://www.AmericasBarometer.org).