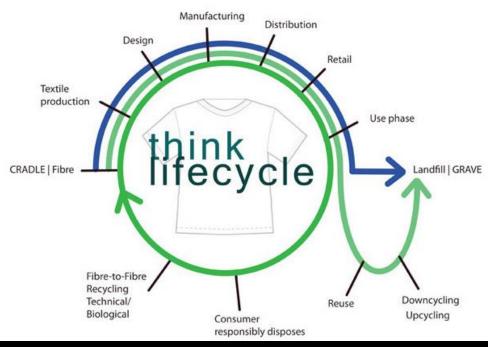
The relationship of past to present fashions, and where fashion goes from here

Conversation, Collaboration, Innovation -Promoting Lifecycle thinking in fashion design process









Invention of "synthetic" fibers: nylon, & rayon, or artificial silk

Nylon

- marketed by duPont company in 1938
- Quickly adopted for use in women's underwear and stockings

Rayon

- Manufactured regenerated cellulosic fiber.
- produced from naturally occurring polymers and therefore it is not a truly synthetic fiber, nor is it a natural fiber
- known by the names viscose rayon and art silk in the textile industry
- Known as artificial silk
- Began to be improved and used in 1920's and 1930's
- It can imitate the feel and texture of silk, wool, cotton and linen

Zippers:

- New Closures beyond lacings and buttons!
- improved and used by 1925, very popular in the 1930s
- Early 1940's: The zipper was well established as a closure, and appeared in clothing in all price ranges. After the beginning of WWII, the supply of zippers was curtailed because of metal shortages

20th century women's fashion recycling: liberation, constriction... 1926





The way the decades work: transitional styles at the beginning and end of each decade 1921, 1926, 1930 1931, 1934, 1939





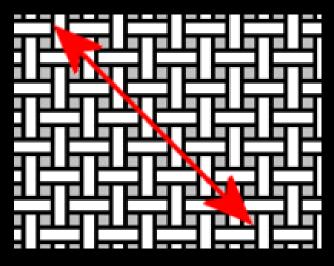








Madeleine Vionnet (1876-1975)



- French fashion designer
- Called the "Queen of the bias cut" and "the architect among dressmakers"
- Explored classical ideas for freeing the body



Silk crepe evening pajamas with matching scarf, 1931

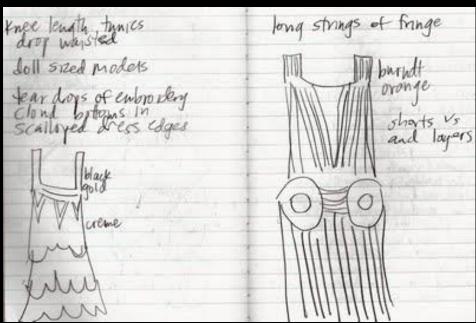


The Winged Victory of Samothrace, c. 220-190 BC

Madeleine Vionnet (1876-1975)

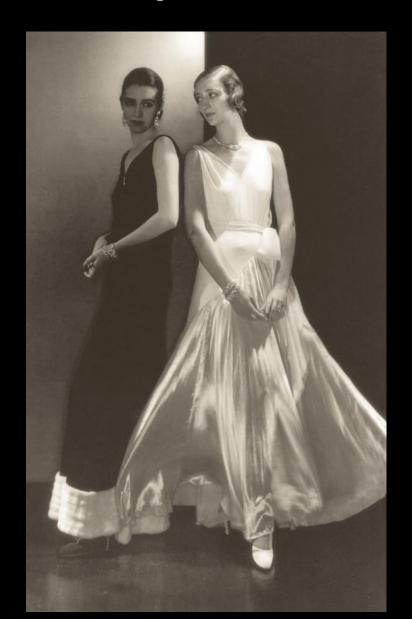
A Purist, she found inspiration in the clean lines of squares, rectangles and circles





Movie still of Jean Harlow wearing a bias cut dress in "Dinner at Eight" (1934), MGM Studios; Madeline Vionnet designs, 1930







1930s fashion: Styles that look contemporary

- Evening dress, 1938
 Madeleine Vionnet (French, 1876–1975)
 Silver lamé and ivory silk net
- Evening dress, 1938
 Madeleine Vionnet (French, 1876–1975)
 Pale pink and silver lamé and pale pink silk net

Evening dress, spring/summer 1938 Madeleine Vionnet Rayon





- Diet and exercise as a path to the ideal silhouette were well entrenched in the 1920s
- The more curvaceous figure of the 1930s required the return of corsets to give more form and control to the silhouette
- As a 1933 Harper's Bazaar article on the season's new line of corsets cautions, "You cannot have a roll of flesh about the midriff. An uncontrolled derriere is vulgar in a slinky dress."





This early 1930s printed chiffon dress by the house of Paquin, with a gold lame'slip and irregular hem, looks amazingly contemporary

The waist detail and pleating serve as anchors for the flying panels of chiffon layering the skirt.



• Chanel, 1935

• Vionnet, 1933

• Lightweight materials of the 1930's, varied colors and patterns

1930's Hollywood Glamour!



Greta Garbo
One of the greatest film stars of the 1920's and 1930's

- 1930's and 1940's influences on fashion:
 - Movies: brought glamour to people in small town America
 - Many films of the 1930s did not reflect the Great Depression
 - Film and glamorous fashion as escapism from everyday life
 - Women in films wore glamorous gowns and their houses were lavishly furnished

1930's Hollywood Glamour





Marlene Dietrich, 1940

Female form on display intended to be provocative

Hayes Code

Costume designers were strictly censored on what they could allow an actress to show

Actresses removed their bras and wore slinky draped dresses that clung to the body without revealing too much bare flesh

An age of elegance and glamour: Fred Astaire & Ginger Rogers



Top Hat, 1935



Style setter of the decade: Wallis Simpson,
Duchess of Windsor
Wedding dress by Mainbocher, in "Wallis
blue" to match her eyes, 1937



- "You can never be too rich or too thin"
- "At 40 you have to decide between your figure and your face."
- Matching blue straw hat with gloves from the same blue silk crepe as the dress
- One of the most photographed, most copied dresses of all times





1936



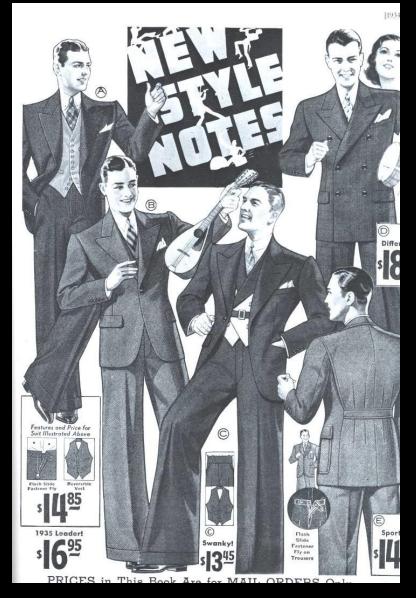




Paul McCartney marries Nancy Shevell, 2011

The "Wallis Blue" dye color has faded

1930's male: elements get repeated in 80's men's fashion





1930s Women: relentlessly modern A dramatic shoe style reinvented through the ages







Qabaqib from the Ottoman Empire; Italian c. 1580 Sandals, 1938, Salvatore Ferragamo Leather, cork











Rosie the Riveter

- Cultural icon of the United States
- Represents six million women who worked in the manufacturing plants that produced munitions and material during World War II
- These women took the places of the male workers who were absent fighting
- The character is now considered a feminist icon in the US, and a herald of women's economic power to come

The "Utility Collection," 1942

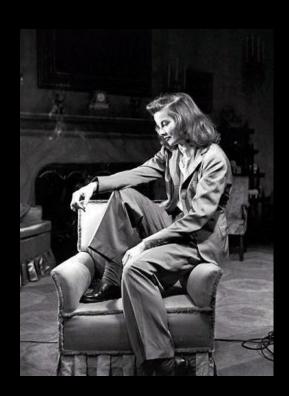






Marlene Dietrich, 1930s Katherine Hepburn, 1940s







Catherine Hepburn on set of The Philadelphia Story, 1940 Barbara Stanwyck 1941





Dior's New Look 1947: Initiates 'The Golden Age of Couture'

Christian Dior, "Bar" suit, spring 1947
Beige silk jacket w/ black wool skirt. 15 yards fabric for day, 25 for night







To get "The Golden Look," it's back!...



The Waspie "corset" by Warner, 1947; boned, frontlacing with hookany-eye fastening at the back

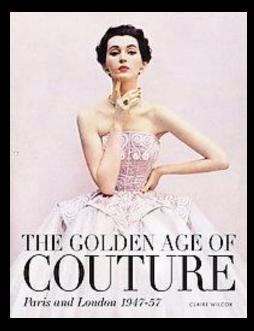




"The Merry Widow," Warner's elegant torsolette in black or whit nylon, was named after a 1952 film of the same name in which Lana Turner wore a stiffened corset

"The Golden Age of Couture:' Frist Museum of Art, spring 2010 Focuses on post-war couture during a decade (1947-1957) that *Monsieur Christian Dior* described as the "Golden Age" of fashion.







Father Knows Best, 1954

Women living up the ideals of the perfect wife, mother, and house keeper in the 1950's



Taffeta shantung dresses in the new Look shape, 1951 Coordinating hats and gloves. High fashion remained formal. Etiquette demanded special clothes and accessories for every occasion. Meticulous grooming was essential at all times.



Christian Dior's "Venus" and "Junon" ball gown, fall/winter 1949–50



Pale-blue silk net embroidered with iridescent blue, green, and rust sequins

Magnificent skirt with 45 petals, like abstractions of peacock feathers without their "eyes," obliquely references the bird associated with the queen of the gods

Each petal on the dress sparkles with iridescent sequins in varying shades of pale greens and blues to emerald and navy blue, with sprinklings of rust.



Elphaba and Glinda in *Wicked*Madame de Pompadour,

1750's



The Rococo: the period of inspiration?





Zuhair Murad gown on Miley Cyrus at the 81st cademy Awards. When she still wore clothes...





Princess Grace of Monaco, 1956







20th century designers like to steal, steal, steal! Kate Middleton's dress, by Sarah Burton for the fashion House of Alexander McQueen, April 2011

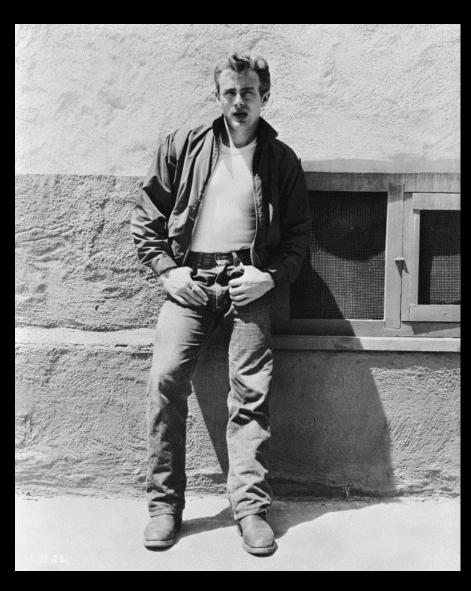






When the Mature Led Fashion before Youth Culture dominated "Trickle Down Bubble Up:" Rebel Without a Cause (1955) James Dean





1950'S: growing emphasis on a youth dominated culture













The Youth Revolution: The Wild One (1953) "Trickle Down Bubble Up:" Spawned biker movies and biker looks



