

## Chemistry 236 -- Quiz 6

October 15, 2003 — Spectrophotometric Determination of  $K$

### Pledge and signature:

**Note:** If you want your paper returned folded (*i.e.*, score concealed), please print your name on the back.

1. (3) In the derivation of the expression we will use to analyze our data to obtain the equilibrium constant  $K$  and the molar absorptivity  $\epsilon_x$  for the complex, we made an important assumption. Which of the following was it?
  - a.  $[M] = [M]_0$ , because  $[M]$  doesn't change during the reaction.
  - b.  $[I_2] = [I_2]_0$ , because  $[I_2]$  doesn't change during the reaction.
  - c.  $[M] = [M]_0$  and  $[I_2] = [I_2]_0$ , because neither reagent's concentration changes during the reaction.
  - d.  $[M] = [M]_0$ , because  $[M]_0$  will be chosen to be  $\gg [I_2]_0$ .
  - e.  $[M] = [I_2]$ , because we will choose starting conditions such that  $[M]_0 = [I_2]_0$ .
  
2. (3) Our derivation yielded a straight-line relationship permitting us to extract  $K$  and  $\epsilon_x$  from an appropriate plot of "y" vs. "x." What are "x" and "y" here?
 

a. x $[M]_0$ ; y $[I_2]_0 \epsilon / A_x$	b. x $[M]_0^{-1}$ ; y $[I_2]_0 \epsilon / A_x$
c. x $[M]_0$ ; y $A_x / [I_2]_0 \epsilon$	d. x $[M]_0^{-1}$ ; y $A_x / [I_2]_0 \epsilon$

e. none of these
  
3. (3) The equilibrium constant  $K$  is found to be twice as large at 40°C as at 20°C. Calculate  $\Delta H^\circ$  for the reaction, under the usual assumption that  $\Delta H^\circ$  is independent of  $T$  over this range. [ $R = 8.3145 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ .]
 

a. -0.23 kJ/mol	b. 0.23 kJ/mol	c. -26 kJ/mol	d. 26 kJ/mol
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e. This cannot be determined without additional information. f. none of these
  
4. (3) The equilibrium  $A + B \rightleftharpoons C$  is studied under conditions that permit direct determination of  $[A]$  and  $[B]$ . The experiment is initiated by mixing together solutions of A and B containing no C.  $K$  is determined to be  $12.3 \text{ L mol}^{-1}$ , and in one particular run,  $[A]_{\text{eq}} = 0.0567 \text{ M}$  and  $[B]_{\text{eq}} = 0.0321 \text{ M}$ . What was the value of  $[A]_0$  for this run?
 

a. 0.0224 M	b. 0.0321 M	c. 0.0567 M	d. 0.0791 M
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e. This cannot be determined without additional information. f. none of these