

Multiple Choice. Choose the best answer for the following questions. (40 pts)

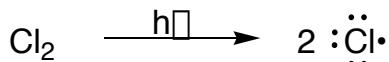
1. Calculate the degrees of unsaturation for a compound with a molecular formula of $C_{11}H_{12}ClNO_2$.

- a. 4
- b. 5
- c. 6
- d. 7

2. The rate of a reaction is dependent upon which of the follow?

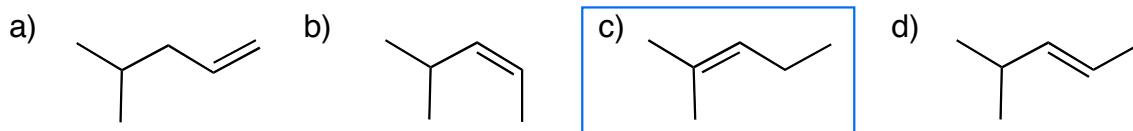
- a. ΔG°
- b. ΔH°
- c. ΔS°
- d. ΔG^\ddagger

3. The reaction below can be characterized as:

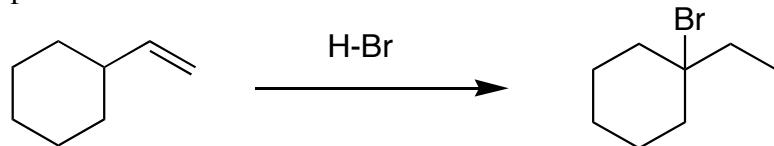


- a. heterolytic
- b. homolytic
- c. heterogenic
- d. electrophilic

4. Which of the following isomeric alkenes would be the most stable?



5. The product from the reaction below is the result of a:

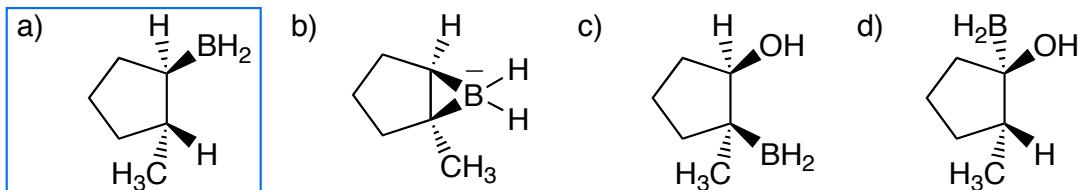


- a. 1,2-methyl shift
- b. carbene
- c. bromonium ion
- d. 1,2-hydride shift

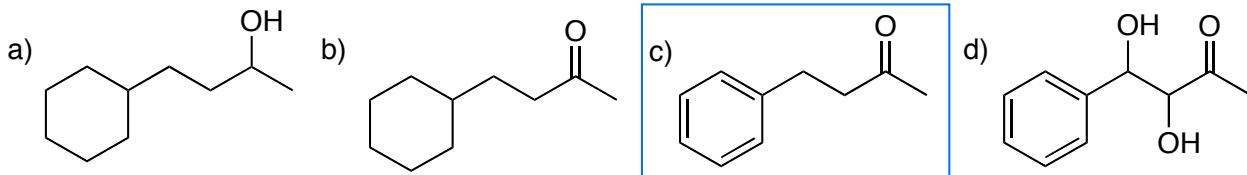
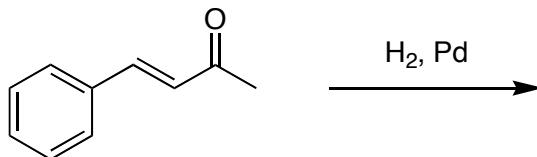
6. Stabilization of a carbocation by alkyl groups involves hyperconjugation between:

- a filled C-H σ -bond with a vacant σ^* -orbital
- a vacant σ^* -orbital with the vacant p-orbital
- a filled C-H σ -bond with a vacant p-orbital
- a filled C-H σ -bond with a filled σ -orbital

7. Which of the following is an intermediate for the hydroboration of 1-methylcyclopentene?



8. Which is the correct product for the following reaction?



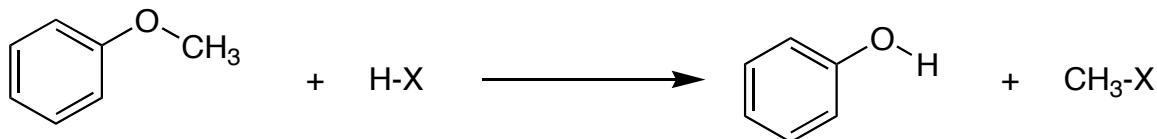
9. Which of the following is a propagation step for the free radical chlorination of methane?

- $\text{Cl-Cl} + \text{h}\sigma \rightarrow 2 \text{Cl}\cdot$
- $\text{H}_3\text{C}\cdot + \text{Cl}\cdot \rightarrow \text{H}_3\text{C-Cl}$
- $\text{H}_3\text{C}\cdot + \text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow \text{H}_3\text{C-Cl} + \text{Cl}\cdot$
- $2 \text{H}_3\text{C}\cdot \rightarrow \text{H}_3\text{C-CH}_3$

10. Which of the following will react with an alkene to give a product in a single step?

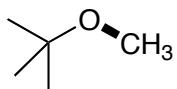
- NBS, H₂O, DMSO
- carbene
- H₃O⁺
- Cl₂

11. Consider the following reaction:

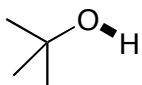


a) Using the following information, determine which reagent (HX) is most favorable for the desired reaction. Assume that entropy is constant for the three reactions (show your work): (8 pts)

Enthalpies for the highlighted bonds:



$$\Delta H^\circ = 340 \text{ KJ/mol}$$



$$\Delta H^\circ = 440 \text{ KJ/mol}$$



$$\Delta H^\circ = 430 \text{ KJ/mol}$$



$$\Delta H^\circ = 350 \text{ KJ/mol}$$



$$\Delta H^\circ = 370 \text{ KJ/mol}$$



$$\Delta H^\circ = 300 \text{ KJ/mol}$$



$$\Delta H^\circ = 300 \text{ KJ/mol}$$



$$\Delta H^\circ = 240 \text{ KJ/mol}$$

For H-Cl: $\Delta H^\circ = 340 + 430 - 440 - 350 = -20 \text{ KJ/mol}$

For H-Br: $\Delta H^\circ = 340 + 370 - 440 - 300 = -30 \text{ KJ/mol}$

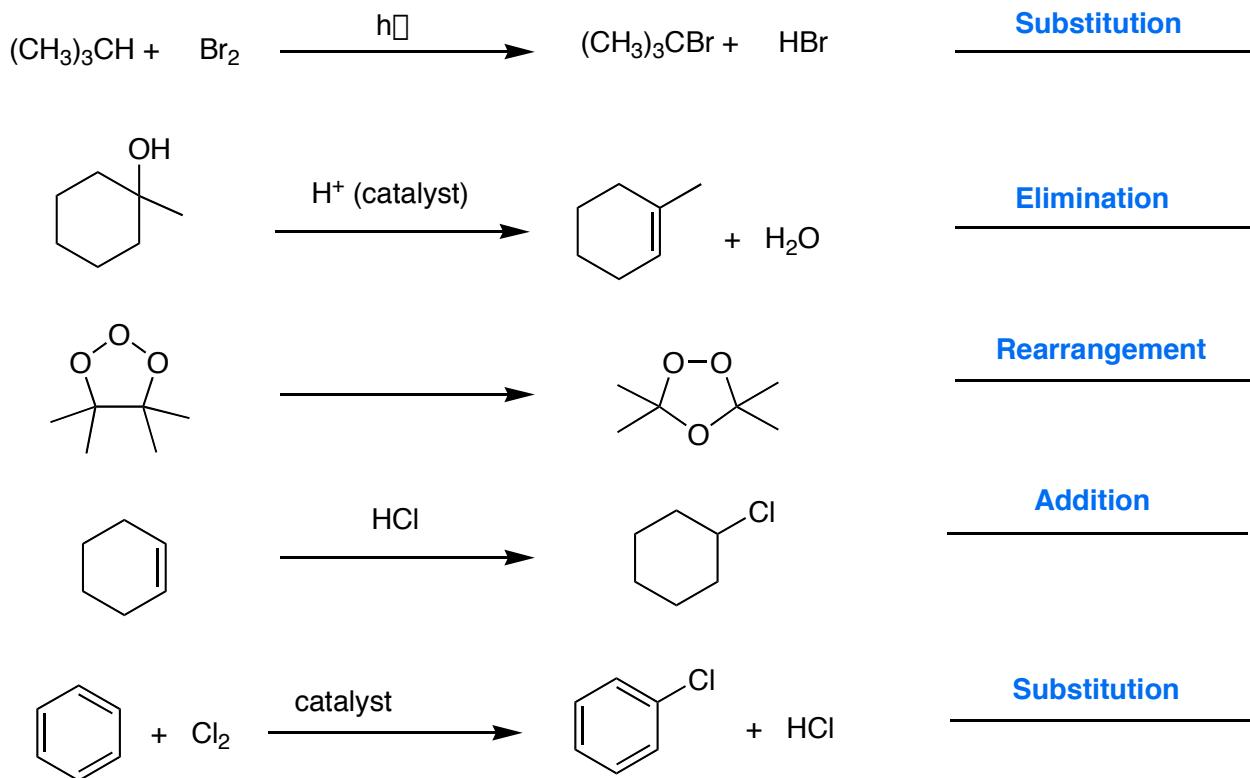
For H-I: $\Delta H^\circ = 340 + 300 - 440 - 240 = -40 \text{ KJ/mol}$

All reactions are exergonic. HI has the most favorable free energy change for the reaction.

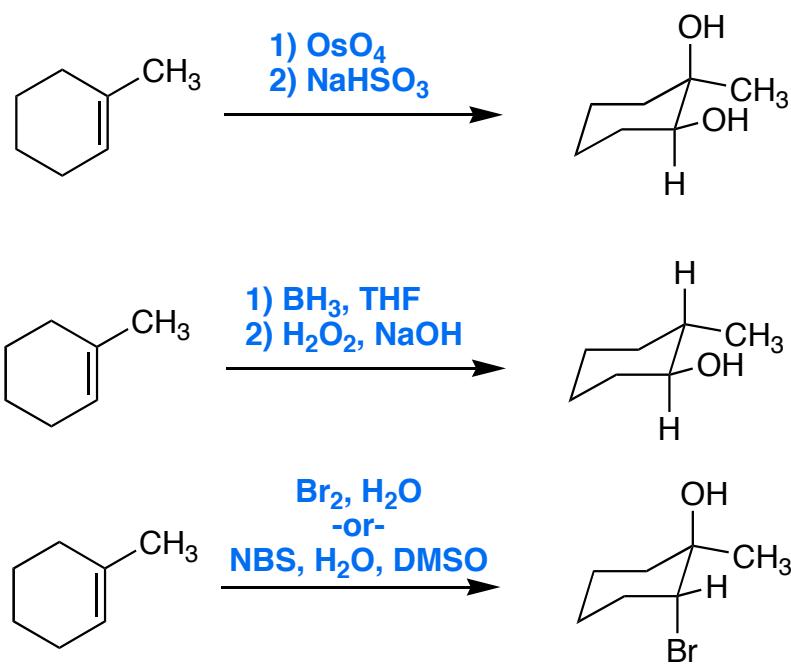
b) According to the Hammond postulate, the transition state of the reaction would most

resemble _____ **Reactants (negative free energy change)** _____. (2 pts)

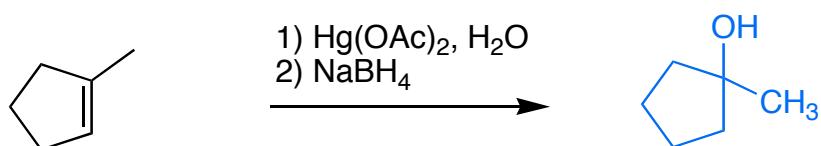
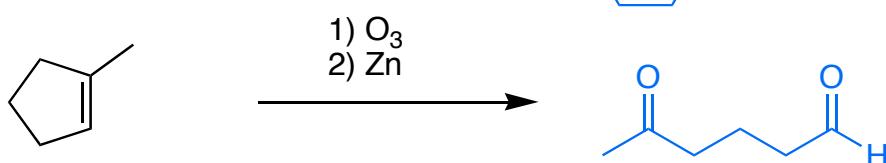
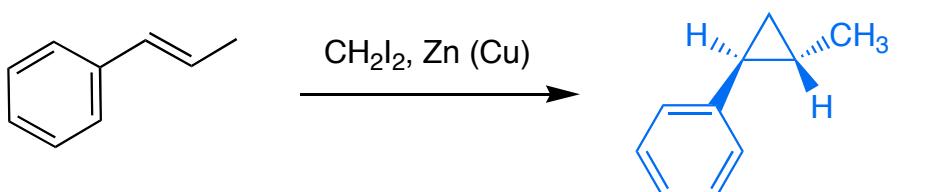
12. Classify the reactions below as either an addition, elimination, substitution or rearrangement : (10 pts)



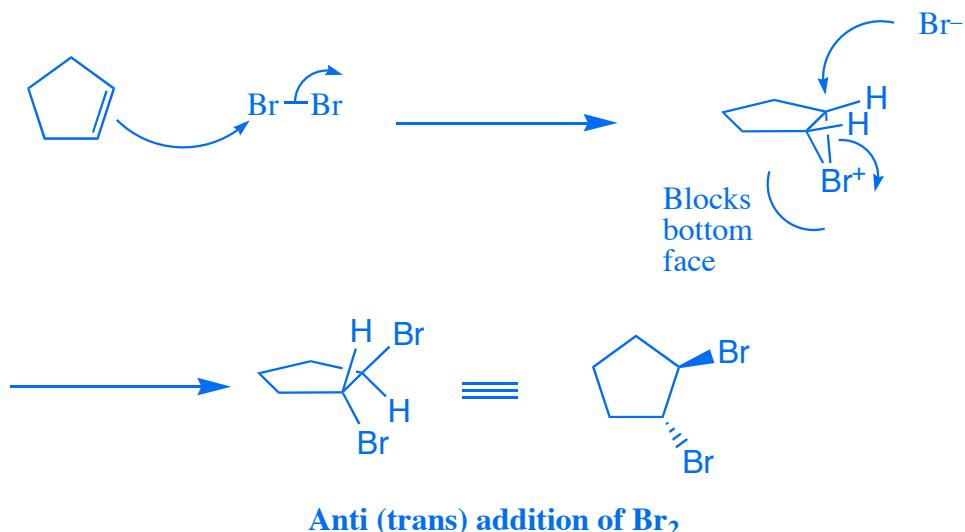
12. Give all reagents required for the following reactions. (15 pts)



13. Give the product of each reaction below. Indicate stereochemistry if it is important. (15 pts)



14. Draw a complete mechanism for the reaction of Br_2 with cyclopentene. Your mechanism should clearly account for any stereochemical preference the reaction may show. (10 Pts)



Problem 1-10: _____ (40 pts)

11: _____ (10 pts)

12: _____ (25 pts)

13: _____ (15 pts)

14: _____ (10 pts)

Total out of 100: _____